Dermatopathology corner

Nodular prurigo

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Sri Lanka Journal of Dermatology, 1997, 2, 23

A 53 year old male presented with intensely pruritic, hyperpigmented, excoriated nodules on upper and lower limbs of 3 years duration. The differential diagnosis included nodular prurigo, chronic papular urticaria and hypertrophic lichen planus.

A 4mm punch biopsy was performed on a lesion on the right leg and the specimen was fixed in 10% formol saline.

Light microscopic appearance of the haematoxylin and eosin stained sections showed the following features.

Epidermal changes were hyperkeratosis, aranthosis and papillomatosis with downward probleration of the epidermis simulating pseudo-arcinomatous hyperplasia. There was no hypergranulosis, irregular acanthosis with saw toothing or basal cell degeneration to suggest lichen planus. No intraepidermal inflammation or spongiosis described in chronic papular urticaria were seen.

The dermis showed non specific chronic matter and proliferation and hyperplasia for macrosum areas or eosinophils were seen.

The above histologic features confirmed the manners of nodular prurigo.

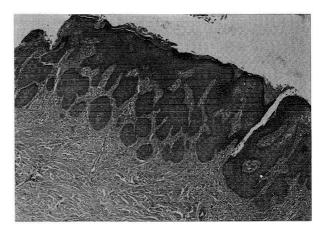


Figure 1. Downward proliferation of the epidermis simulating pseudocarcinomatous hyperplasia (× 100).

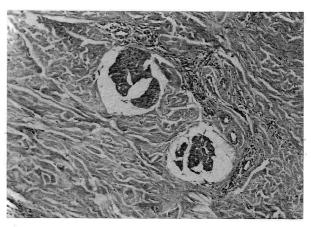


Figure 2. Non specific dermal inflammation and proliferation and hyperplasia of cutaneous nerves (× 400).

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